

Herzlich Willkommen

“CRYSTAL” TWR-APP and Meteo needs

skyguide

with you, all the way.

AGENDA

- ✈ **ATFCM** (Air Traffic Control Management)
- ✈ What is CRYSTAL
- ✈ Why do we need CRYSTAL
- ✈ How does WX influence CRYSTAL
- ✈ CRYSTAL needs in terms of WX data



Air Traffic Flow and Capacity Management



It is an ongoing process to provide the users with the highest available capacity in the most efficient way and avoiding overloads within the European ATM network.

First priority: SAFETY

The main task given to skyguide by the swiss confederation says; provide a SAFE, ORDERLY and EFFICIENT flow of traffic.

This may require regulations and delaying traffic, but prior doing that all possible optimizations have to be analyzed and implemented. CRYSTAL is an next step to improve the situation for Zürich and Geneva. The area control center relies for quite some time on a similar prediction tool.



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What is CRYSTAL

Berühre die
Kristallkugel, um deine
Zukunft zu erfahren



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CRYSTAL predicts the upcoming air traffic situation for Zürich and Geneva TWR/APP units, considering:

Traffic (numbers, types of aircraft, approach path according landing concept, crossing traffic, leaving and joining traffic)

→ For each sector, Approach East/ West and Departure

External factors:

- Staff
- Airspace elements (e.g.: military activity, gliders, SUAs...)
- Maintenance activities
- WX data

With this information, the TWR supervisor:

- Can better organise the upcoming traffic management
- Reduce delays
- Improve safety

TMA



EVOLUTION



EVOLUTION



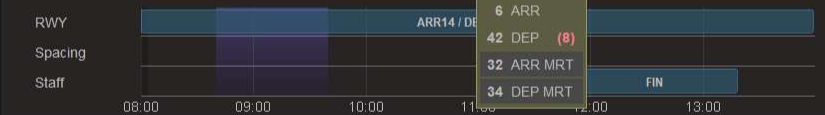
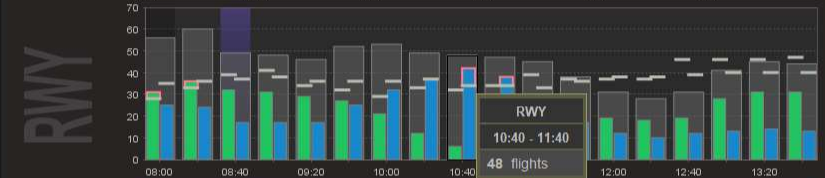
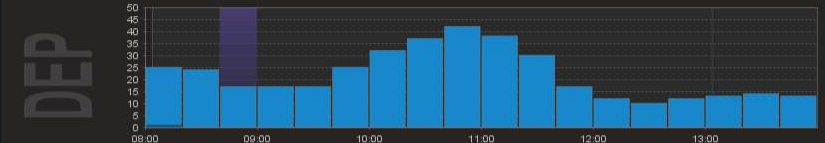
VIEW

- EC 20min/5min
- EC 20min
- EC 1h/20min

FLOWS

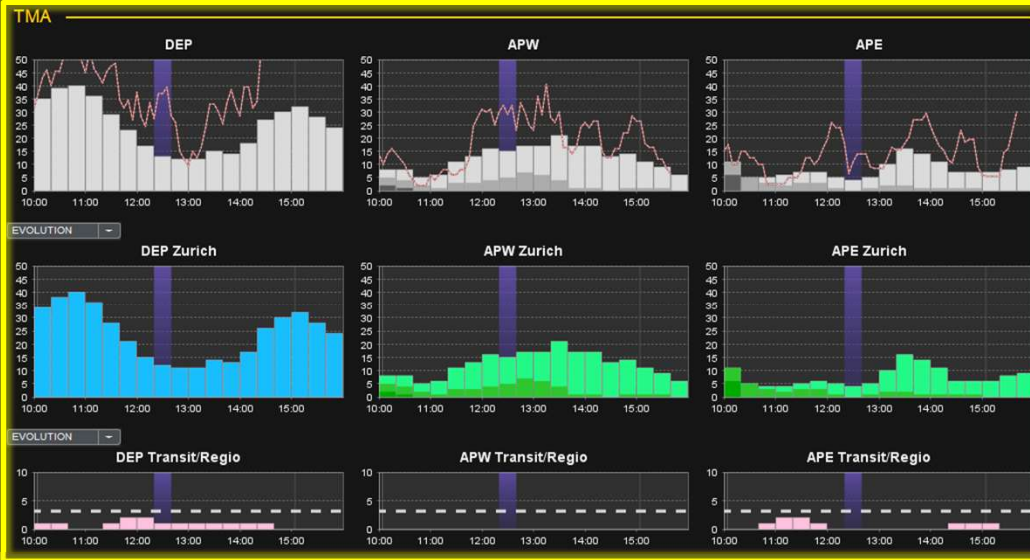


AIRPORT



PARAMETERS





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Why do we need CRYSTAL

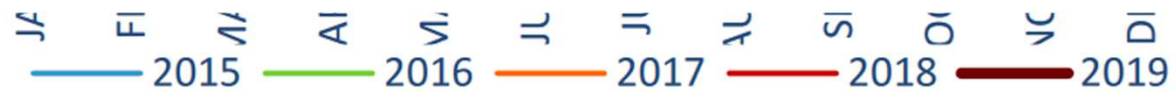
ECAC - Grand Total



IFR Movements (Growth)		2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	AAGR 2018-2024	AAGR RP2 2015-2019	AAGR RP3 2020-2024
Switzerland	H	5.3%	4.9%	4.6%	2.9%	2.4%	2.6%	2.1%	3.5%	3.5%	2.9%
	B	1.4%	1.2%	2.3%	3.8%	5.1%	3.7%	2.3%	1.6%	1.3%	1.5%	1.6%	2.4%	3.2%	1.7%
	L	4.9%	2.2%	0.3%	0.2%	-0.0%	0.3%	0.6%	1.2%	2.9%	0.3%



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How does WX influence ATC operations



Weather is responsible for:

ca. 30% (CB/TS, and Wind for CH) ATM delays in Europe

25.5% ATFM delays

80% increase in delay minutes

How does WX influence CRYSTAL



The better the predictions, the more efficient we can be.

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Each time a new WX report arrives:

SPVR will reassess the situation (CBs, wind, fog...)

Forecast still correct?! Measurements correct?!

What is/are the impacts on the airspace.

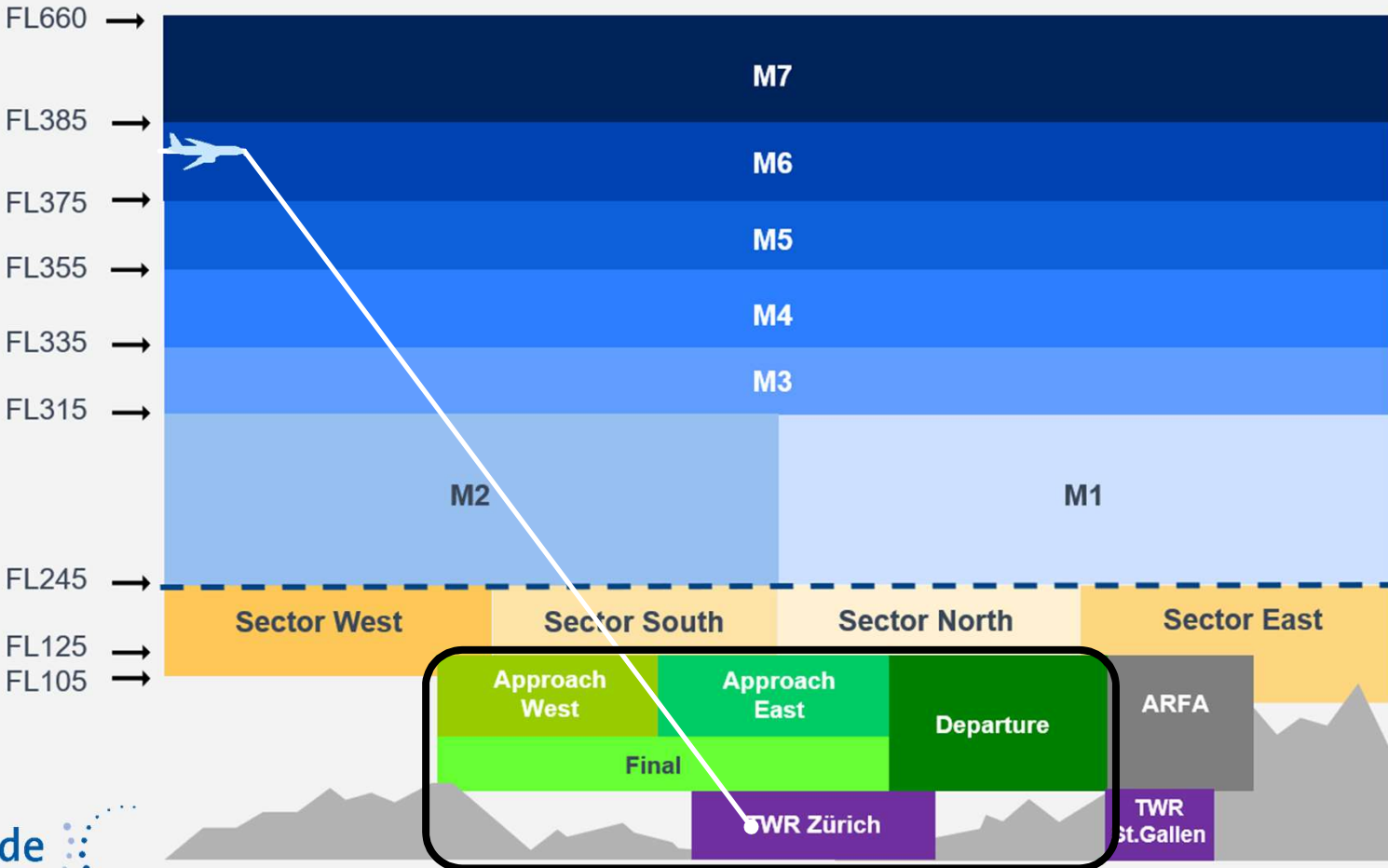
WX impacts:

- Traffic complexity in the APP (storms, winds)
- Minimum distance between 2 aircraft on final approach (visibility, runway condition, wind)
- Handling stop

As a consequence, TWR SPVR:

- Could implement measures → DELAY
- Stop/limit activities (SUA, gliders, para) within the airspace

Luftraum-Sektorisierung in Zürich





Anflug-Konzepte Zürich

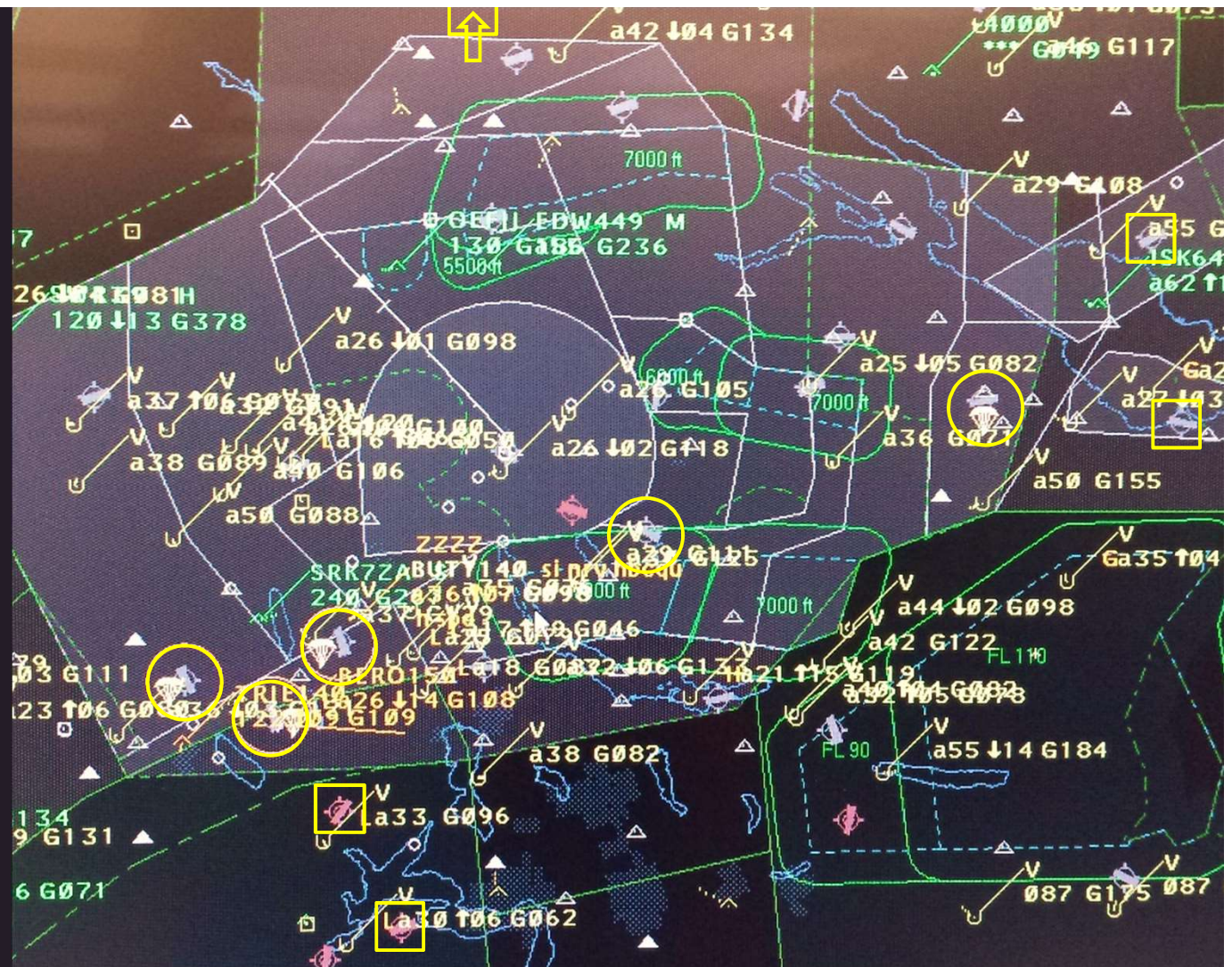
DVO=Deutsche Verordnung



Der Luftraum

-  Fallschirmsprung-Zonen
 - Triengen
 - Beromünster
 - Buttwil
 - Speck-Fehraltorf
 - Sitterdorf
-  Flugplätze mit Y/Z-Flügen
 - Buochs (Pilatus)
 - Emmen
 - St.Gallen
 - Friedrichshafen
 - Donaueschingen

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The necessary data (but not all used in CRYSTAL)

- temp/dew point
- fog
- QNH
- ground wind
- wind at 1000ft
- wind at 5000ft
- precipitation (mm)
- snow altitude (airport) (only in GVA)
- ground wind gusts
- ceiling (altitude)
- Octans at 200ft
- Octans at 900ft (only in ZRH)
- Octans at 1500ft
- Octans at 4600ft (only in GVA)
- visibility
- vis probability <5km
- vis probability <800m (only in GVA)
- vis probability <400m
- airport CB probability
- airport TS probability
- TMA CB probability (planned to be split into three areas, West, East and South)
- TMA TS probability
- WX airport alerts
- surface condition (probability of surface contamination)
- FL100 and FL180 corrections (only in GVA), and FL140 (only in ZRH)

METEOGRAMM

last

Meteogramm Zürich, 02.12.2019 16 - 15 UTC

	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
12000 ft/msl	[°Kd] 360/13	010/14	020/16	030/15	040/15	040/13	050/11	040/09	020/11	020/15	020/16	030/18	030/18	040/21	040/25	040/28	040/28	050/24	050/22	040/20	040/18	030/14	030/13	030/13
8000 ft/msl	[°Kd] 060/12	050/13	060/14	060/17	060/16	060/15	070/14	080/12	060/13	060/16	060/17	060/17	060/17	060/17	060/17	060/17	060/19	070/19	060/20	060/19	060/17	060/17	060/16	070/15
4000 ft/msl	[°Kd] 070/13	070/12	080/11	100/09	070/15	060/17	060/17	060/18	070/17	060/17	060/20	060/21	070/21	070/24	070/22	070/20	080/18	080/20	080/23	080/22	080/21	070/26	070/27	070/25
3000 ft/msl	[°Kd] 070/14	070/15	070/15	060/16	060/15	060/17	060/23	060/26	080/23	070/22	060/22	070/23	070/24	070/25	070/26	070/27	070/25	070/26	070/27	070/28	080/29	070/29	070/27	070/28
2000 ft/msl	[°Kd] 050/16	050/17	050/16	050/22	050/18	050/17	050/18	060/15	060/15	060/18	050/15	050/15	050/14	050/14	050/14	060/14	050/14	050/15	050/12	050/15	050/15	050/07	040/08	050/11
GND-North	[°Kd] 010/04	010/04	010/04	010/04	010/04	010/04	030/05	020/03	040/02	020/04	340/04	340/02	360/03	330/03	320/03	340/02	340/02	020/04	030/04	040/04	030/04	280/04	310/04	320/04
Wind Gusts North	[Kd]						11	10												10				
GND-South	[°Kd] 010/04	010/04	010/04	010/04	010/04	010/04	030/04	010/02	010/02	010/02	360/04	340/02	360/03	350/03	340/03	020/03	350/03	010/05	030/05	030/04	040/06	310/03	330/04	340/05
Wind Gusts South	[Kd]																		10	10	11	11		
T/TD	[°C] 02/-2	02/-2	02/-3	01/-3	01/-3	00/-3	00/-3	00/-3	00/-3	-1/-4	-1/-4	-1/-4	-1/-4	-1/-4	-1/-4	-1/-4	00/-4	01/-3	01/-3	02/-3	02/-3	02/-3	03/-3	02/-3
QNH	[hpa] 1025	1026	1026	1026	1027	1027	1028	1028	1027	1027	1027	1027	1027	1027	1028	1028	1028	1028	1028	1027	1026	1025	1025	1025
Ceiling	[ft/agl] 2500	2500	18000	18000	18000	18000	11000	12000	15000	12000	12000	12000	10000	8000	9600	12000	15000	16000	15000	16000	16000	16000	17000	17000
Prob <200 ft/agl	[%] unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely
Prob <900 ft/agl	[%] unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely
Prob <1500 ft/agl	[%] unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely
Visibility	[m] 9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999
Prob <5000m	[%] unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely
Prob <400m	[%] unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely
Prob CB /TS A/P	[%] unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely	unlikely
Precipitation	[l]																							

Probability: unlikely = 0-30%, likely = 31-70%, very likely = 71-100%. TAF conversion: BECMG = very likely, TEMPO, PROB40 and PROB30 = likely
 Data source: Cosmo-1, INCA, TAF-Guidance and TAF (first 6hrs) ; no manual editing

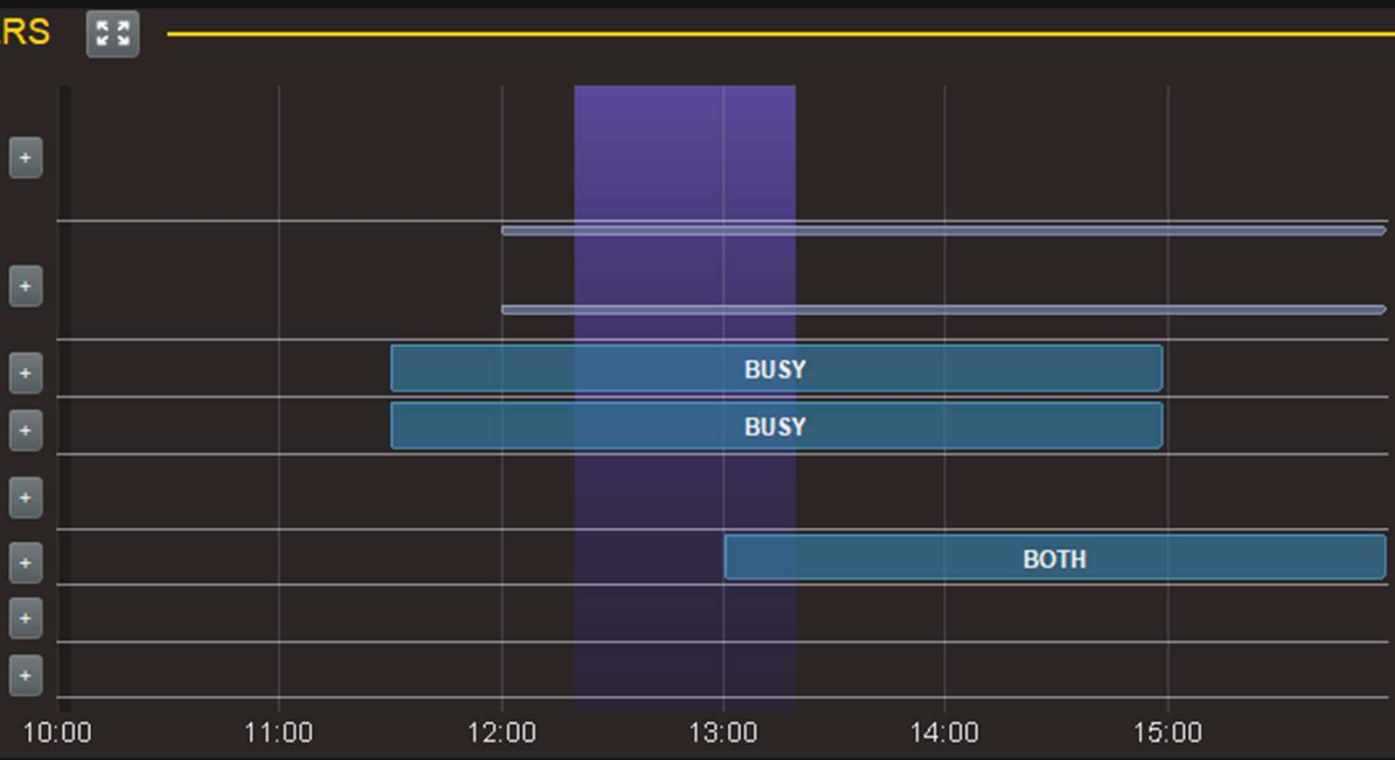
Prob30 and Prob40 = likely

- RWY
- Spacing
- Staff



PARAMETERS

- Gliders
- Para
- DUB
- EMM
- SUA
- CB
- LVP
- Misc.



METEOGRAMM “TAF kongruent” und die Zukunft

Skyguide and METEO CH werden das METEOGRAMM auch weiterhin verbessern und ergänzen um eine hochqualitative Grundlage zu schaffen.

Die neuen METEO CH Produkte sollen, wenn für CRYSTAL nutzbar, eingebunden werden können.

Es bestehen zum Beispiel Bestrebungen die CB und TS Prognose von einer reinen Warnung für den Flugplatz/CTR auf die drei Regionen West, Ost und Süd(Alpen) auszuweiten. Diese geografische Aufteilung entspricht auch der Aufteilung des Luftraums für Zürich An- und Abflug und soll eine präzisere Komplexitätsberechnung sowie eine realistischere Kapazität erlauben.

CRYSTAL profitiert automatisch von allen relevanten Verbesserung (Modell, Genauigkeit, Auflösung etc.) da die Daten von METEO CH in bestmöglicher Qualität gestreamt werden.

Fragen?

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